LL40BI-CC-350



39.2 W Constant Current | FD driver

- High efficiency up to 88 %
- Low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 recommendation
- Long lifetime up to 50 000 h
- Maximum output voltage limited to 125 V
- Load output is basic isolated from the mains
- Driver protection Class I
- Suitable for Class I luminaires
- Ideal solution for Class I luminaires, suitable for Class II luminaires too*



Product code: 5927



* See page 4 for details.

Functional Description

- Fixed constant current output 350 mA.
- Basic isolation from mains to output.
- Can withstand load fault situations; short circuit protection with automatic recovery.

Mains Characteristics

Nominal rated voltage range 220 V - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz AC voltage range 198 VAC - 264 VAC

> Withstands max. 300 VAC (max. 1 hour) Withstands min. 176 VAC (max. 1 hour)

Mains current at full load 0.16 - 0.22 A Frequency 50 Hz - 60 Hz THD at full power < 10 % Leakage current to earth $< 0.7 \, \text{mA}$

1 kV L-N, 2 kV L/N -GND (IEC 61000-4-5) Tested surge protection

Tested fast transient protection 4 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - Output Basic isolated Mains & output - Driver case Basic insulation

Load Output (non-isolated)

Output current (I_out) 350 mA Accuracy ±5%

<±3%* at ≤ 120 Hz Ripple

) Low frequency PstLM < 0.03 SVM < 0.01*

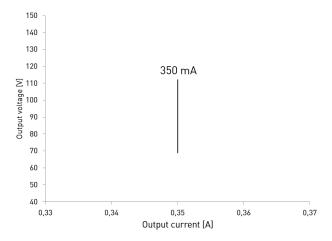
*) At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules.

U_{nut} (max) (abnormal)

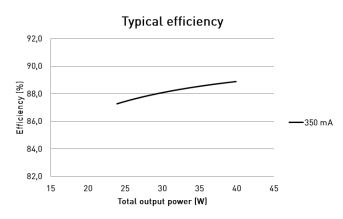
I _{LED}	350 mA
P _{Rated}	39.2 W
U_{LED}	69 – 112 V
PF (λ) at full load	0.95
Efficiency (n) at full load	88 %

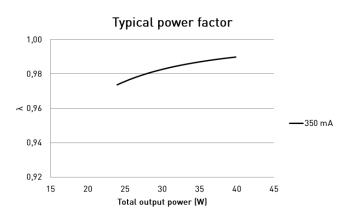


Operating window



Driver performance





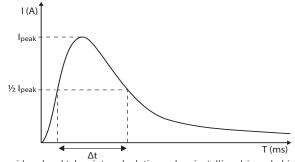
Operating Conditions and Characteristics

 $\label{eq:highest_condition} \mbox{Highest allowed t}_{\mbox{\scriptsize c}} \mbox{ point temperature}$ 80 °C t_a life (50 000 h) temperature 75 °C -25 °C .. +50 °C Ambient temperature range* Storage temperature range -40 °C .. +60 °C Maximum relative humidity No condensation Lifetime (90 % survival rate) 50 000 h, at $t_c = 75$ °C 30 000 h, at t_c° = 80 °C *) For other than independent use, higher t_a of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed t_c point temperature is not exceeded

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on inrush current I _{peak}	Typ. peak inrush current I _{peak}	1/2 value time, Δt
28 pcs	40 A	200 μs

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers
B 10 A	37 %
B 16 A	60 %
B 20 A	75 %
C 10 A	62 %
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)
C 20 A	125 %



Total continous current of the drivers and installation environment must always be considered and taken into calculations when installing drivers behind miniature circuit breaker. Example calculation of total drivers amount limited by continous current: $n(I_{cont}) = (16 \text{ A } (I_{nom,Ta}) / \text{"nominal mains current with full limited by continous current})$ load") x 0.76). This calculation is an example according to recommended precautions due to multiple adjacent circuit breakers (> 9 MCBs) and installation environment (T₃ 30 degrees); variables may vary according to the use case. Both inrush current and continous current calculations are based on ABB S200 series circuit breakers. More specific information in ABB series S200 circuit breaker documentation.

NOTE! Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.



Connections and Mechanical Data

Wire size

Wire type

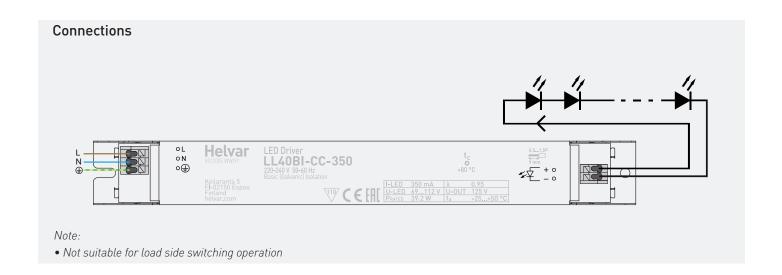
Wire insulation

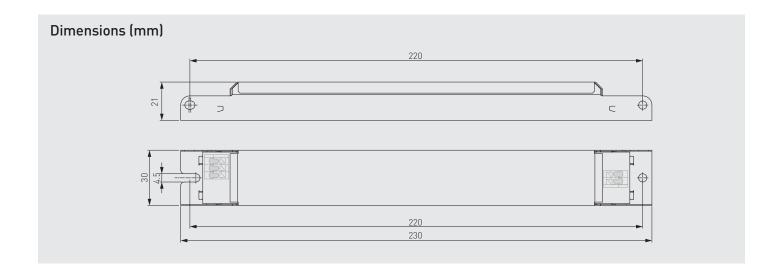
Maximum driver to LED wire length

Weight IP rating $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ Solid core and fine-stranded According to EN 60598

1.5 m 161 g

IP20





Information and conformity



LL40BI-CC-350 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

Installation & operation

Maximum ambient and t_c temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t_a ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t_c point temperature does not exceed the t_c maximum limit in any circumstance.
- \bullet Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum $t_{\rm c}$ point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

Current setting

 $LL40BI-CC-350\ LED$ driver features a 350 mA constant current output.

LED driver earthing

- LL40BI-CC-350 LED driver is a protective Class I device and designed for Class I luminaires.
- When used inside **Class I** luminaires, this LED driver must always have the protective earth cable connected for safety reasons.
- The driver is designed to be used inside Class I luminaires. For usage inside Class II luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts and through supplementary insulation of conductive parts of the casing, or any conductive parts connected to the casing, as the casing is only basic insulated from the live parts. The earth connector of the driver shall be left unconnected and there shall be no protective earth terminals in the luminaire terminal block to fulfill the requirements of IEC/EN 60598-1 for Class II luminaires. The EMC performance of the driver change when left unearthed, so it is always the responsibility of the integrator to take measures and necessary actions, for example by luminaire design to ensure the assembled luminaire complies with latest EMC standard.

Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898
 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

Lamp failure functionality

No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to Uout (max) (abnormal).

Overload

Driver can withstand overload. Reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified operational voltage range.

Short circuit

Driver can withstand output short circuit and after resolving the fault, driver recovers normal operation automatically.

Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1: 2015
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2: 2014
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3: 2013
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015: 2013+ A1: 2015
Immunity standard	EN 61547: 2009
Performance requirements	EN 62384: 2006+ A1:2009
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015
Compliant with relevant EU directives	
RoHS/REACH compliant	
CE marked	

Label symbols



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 110 °C.